FK-317

Antineoplastic Antibiotic

Acetic acid 11-acetyl-8-(carbamoyloxymethyl)-4-formyl-6-methoxy-14-oxa-1,11-diazatetracyclo[7.4.1.0^{2,7}.0^{10,12}]tetradeca-2,4,6-trien-9-yl ester

Acetic acid 1-acetyl-8-(carbamoyloxymethyl)-3,9-epoxy-5-formyl-7-methoxy-1a,2,3,8,9,9a-hexahydro-1*H*-azirino[2,3-*c*]-[1]benzazocin-9-yl ester

 $C_{19}H_{21}N_3O_8$ Mol wt: 419.39

CAS: 102409-92-7

EN: 120835

Synthesis*

FR-900482 (I) was produced by culturing Streptomyces sandaensis No. 6897 (FERM P-7654) and recovered by conventional methods. The acetylation of (I) with acetic anhydride gave the triacetyl derivative (II), which was selectively deacetylated with NaHCO $_3$ in cool methanol yielding the diacetate (III). Finally, this compound was methylated by means of methyl iodide and K_2CO_3 in warm acetone (1). Scheme 1.

Introduction

FK-973 is an antineoplastic with the severe side effect of vascular leak syndrome. Therefore, in further studies, FK-317 was selected as an antitumor agent having a dihydrobenzoxazine structure with low toxicity (2, 3).

Pharmacological Actions

FK-317 was active against various murine and human tumors xenografted in nude mice (2-4). It was active against 24 of 34 (71%) tumors in nude mice as follows: 9/10 lung, 3/5 gastric, 2/6 colorectal, 1/3 pancreatic, 3/4 breast, 4/4 ovarian and 1/1 cervical carcinomas and 1/1 fibrosarcoma (3, 4). The reference compounds, mitomycin, doxorubicin and cisplatin, were active against human tumors implanted in nude mice in 18/34 (53%),

0/16 (0%) and 2/17 (12%), respectively. FK-317 was also active against various murine P388 leukemias resistant to mitomycin, CPT, vincristine, doxorubicin, 5-fluorouracil and cisplatin (5).

Mechanism of Action

FK-317 inhibited the synthesis of DNA, RNA and protein in L1210 leukemia cells *in vitro* and formed interstrand DNA-DNA and DNA-protein cross-links in cells, but not in cell free systems (3, 6). Deacetylated metabolites of FK-317 formed cross-links of DNA in cell free systems in the presence of a reducing agent such as Na₂S₂O₄ (6).

The cytotoxicity of FK-317 was AUC-dependent and especially active against lung carcinoma and leukemia. Lung carcinoma cells resistant to FK-317 showed highly decreased DT-diaphorase and elevated NADPH-P450 reductase. These resistant cells were also resistant to mitomycin (7).

Pharmacokinetics

FK-317 concentrations in tumor were lower than those in plasma and similar to those in bone marrow after intravenous injection. Active drug was eliminated from tissues within 6 h. Metabolites in tumors were alcohol form and in other tissues were carboxylic form. The sequence in decreasing order of activity in metabolites of FK-317 was aldehyde, alcohol and carboxylic forms (8).

Toxicity

FK-317 reduced bone marrow CFU-C, CFU-S and CFU-M after intravenous administration. Recovery from the toxicity was more rapid after FK-317 than after mitomycin. Title compound also reduced peripheral leukocytes and platelets but not erythrocytes (8).

Clinical Studies

FK-317 is undergoing phase I clinical studies (9).

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484 FK-317

Manufacturer

Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (JP).

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